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This week's Insights is dedicated in loving memory of Avrahom ben Yosef. "May his Neshama have an Aliya!"

PARSHAS TZAV

10 ADAR II

Based on the Torah of our Rosh HaYeshiva HaRav Yochanan Zweig

Installation Coronation

Take Aharon and his sons with him and the anointing oil [...] (8:2).

giving Moshe instructions for the tzora'as? official installation of Aharon and his sons as *kohanim* – the priestly class of Bnei Yisroel. Moshe then gathers all of Bnei Yisroel to watch as he follows a step-by-step process for initiating Aharon and his sons as the *kohanim*.

expected in the process of elevating being crowned can be a dangerous their status – immersion in a *mikveh*, affair as it can easily lead one to harbor dressing them in priestly vestments, false notions of self-importance. A applying and sprinkling the special person can actually begin to believe anointing oil to all the vessels in the that he is receiving this honor because Mishkan and to Aharon and his sons as there is something intrinsically great well, etc. - we find a very unusual about himself. ritual.

Several sacrifices were offered: a bull on the ear lobe, thumb, and big toe is was brought as a sin offering, a ram intended to address this issue. The was brought as a burnt offering, and a unifying connection between all of second ram was brought as a peace these parts of the body is that the ears, offering (see 8:22 and Rashi ad loc). fingers, and toes represent the person's Moshe then applied the blood of the extremities. When a person gets cold, peace offering to Aharon's and his sons' the first parts that are affected are the right ear lobes, right thumbs, and right extremities – namely the ears, fingers, big toes.

This ritual is only performed in one other place in the Torah: by the purification of a person who has been struck by tzora'as - commonly (and incorrectly) translated as leprosy.

What is the meaning of this enigmatic ritual and what is the relationship between initiating the kohanim and

In this week's parsha, we find Hashem cleansing one who has recovered from

Aharon and his sons were being elevated to a new status over the rest of the Jewish people. They were now receiving forevermore one of the three crowns that Hashem gifted to this world; they were receiving the crown Aside from the steps that might be of kehuna. Without proper perspective,

> The unique ritual of placing the blood and toes - because they are the furthest from the core of the body. Yet, when a person is asked to point to himself, he always points to his core. Thus, by emphasizing the extremities, this ritual demonstrates that the position is not about them personally, it's about what they can do for others.

> The message they receive is that while being anointed a *kohen* is an honor, it is more significantly a great and awesome



responsibility. The Talmud has a dispute about whether the *kohanim* are agents of the people to Hashem or agents of Hashem to the people, but everyone agrees that they are merely agents. In other words, they are facilitators not principals. This is the message conveyed by placing the blood on the extremities.

This is also true of a person who has struck by tzora'as. been This punishment comes as a consequence of speaking loshon hora. The core motivating force of one who speaks loshon hora is the desire to elevate oneself by putting others down. While every sin contains an element of selfcentered behavior, loshon hora is the sin of focusing on the perceived importance of oneself and trying to elevate the opinions of others regarding one's own self-importance. This is why a person needs a *kohen* to declare them unclean and the process of purification is the same as the kohen's initiation. The message they are supposed to receive and internalize is that they need to focus less on themselves and their own importance.

Neither Liberal Nor Conservative

And Aharon and his sons carried out all the matters that Hashem commanded through Moshe (8:36).

been instructed by Moshe Rabbeinu. Rashi (ad loc) makes an unusual comment, "This is to tell their praise, that they veered neither to the right nor to the left." In other words, they did exactly as they were told by Moshe.

did as they were told without altering the "praise" that they actually followed the Yisroel's contribution to Torah. process that Moshe laid out for them? Wouldn't we expect as much?

The initiation process of the kohanim is binding laws as part of Torah is do, one might perhaps think it is discussed both in this week's parsha authorized by the verse "you shall come acceptable to be more stringent or to and in Parshas Tetzaveh. commentators try, reconcile the discrepancies in the inquire; and they shall declare to you Aharon and his sons are thus praised for details as well as the seeming the law" (Devarim 17:9). Klal Yisroel are following Moshe's instructions, not differences in intention of particular likewise enjoined to follow their veering to the right nor to the left.

The very end of this week's parsha activities discussed in both of these leaders' interpretations of the law – informs us that Aharon and his sons parshios. Rashi in his final comment on "according to the judgment which they performed all procedures as they had this parsha seems to be addressing the shall tell you, you shall do; you shall not overarching issue.

The Jewish people have both a written Torah and an oral Torah. Much, if not all, of the oral Torah was given to This is exactly what Rashi is alluding to Moshe at Mount Sinai. In addition, we here. In Parshas Tetzaveh, Hashem told have another aspect of Torah known as them exactly what was to be done, Rashi's illustration is a little odd. Gemara. The Gemara is primarily Klal while in this week's parsha we are Typically, Rashi would merely say they Yisroel's interpretation of Torah. That is, dealing with Moshe's interpretation of discussions of anything. Why does Rashi take poetic generations and the application of 8:5). In fact, there are some actions of license here and state that they veered those discussions to everyday law as the process that Moshe required them neither to the right nor to the left? interpreted by the greatest minds of to do that Rashi points out that he is Furthermore, why is this a great each generation, is all part of Klal unaware of the source for those actions

decline from the ruling which they shall declare to you, to the right nor to the left" (ad loc 17:11).

succeeding Hashem's commandments (see Rashi (see 8:11).

This ability of the leaders of each While Moshe is authorized to interpret generation to interpret and create what Hashem has commanded him to The to the priests, the Levites, and to the maybe find a leniency because the rule at length, to judge who shall be in those days, and wasn't expressly outlined by Hashem.

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